

Annual Growth Rate-Population 1960-1964	2.3%	2.2%
	yes	yes
Training in Demography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -University of Chile School of Public Health -Maternity Hospital in Santiago -CELADE (Latin American Demographic Center) and DESAL 	<p>ASCOFAME (Asoc. Colombiana de Facultades de Medicina)-Division of Population Studies (DEP) has government grant to train 1,200 doctors in family planning.</p> <p>-Training at all 7 Medical Faculties in Colombia.</p>
Sources of Activity:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Widespread concern with high abortion rate -Private contraceptive service since 1925 -Many profession conferences 	ASCOFAME pioneered family planning activities by extensive medical research and professional conferences.
1. Medical Profession		
2. Family Planning Association	<p>1962</p> <p>Asoc. Chilena de Proteccion de la Familia (broad medical membership)</p>	<p>1966</p> <p>Asoc. Pro Bienestar de la Familia Colombiana</p>
3. Clinics	62 (approximately 150,000 women)	Clinics at all 7 medical faculties, & Bogota Hospitals
Research and Grants (1962-1967)	<p>yes</p> <p>\$2,008,809</p>	<p>yes</p> <p>\$1,583,875</p>
Government Involvement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -1965 Family Planning Commission estab. in Ministry of Health. -1966 Government <u>officially</u> integrates family planning into National Maternal & Child Health Services. -1967 First direct government financial allocation: 2 million Escudos (\$500,000) for contraceptive services for 100,000 women. 	<p>1965-66 President of Colombia inaugurated the <u>Operational Committee on Population</u> (bi-weekly meetings of gov't officials with DEP representatives--direct information to government about health & family planning programs.</p> <p>1966 Ministry of Health & U.S. A.I.D. each contribute \$320,000 toward a training program for professionals.</p>
International Influences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -1967 Chile hosts the 8th World Conference of IPPF (Chile was the first Latin American member of IPPF). -CELADE (Latin American Demography Center) in Santiago was founded under U.N. auspices with financial support from U.S.: foundations and AID. -PASB (Pan American Sanitary Bureau) -IPPF grants for services to various hospitals and clinics, \$298,000 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -U.S. A.I.D. \$320,000 grant -Joint seminar on family planning, Sept. 1966, University of Cauca & University of Chicago -IPPF grant to Colombian Family Welfare Association, \$23,000 -U.S. foundation grants

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REGORY I

COSTA RICA

CUBA

HONDURAS

	COSTA RICA	CUBA	HONDURAS
Annual Growth Rate-Population 1960-1964	4.5%	2.8%	3.2%
Training in Demography	yes -Demographic Center of Central America (DIDAC) serves as a base for CELADE students in Central America -CELAP (Lat. Amer. Population Center course on population dynamics for 35 Costa Rica professionals)	---	yes -Central American & Panama Conference on Population, Economic Development & Family Planning: Tegucigalpa 1966 - 100 professionals
Sources of Activity: 1. Medical Profession	-1963 a few physicians in Turrialba --insert IUD's- (Costa Rica is the only country to start with rural family planning) -1964 first clinic in San Jose	---	-1963 pilot project clinic started by doctors at Hospital in Tegucigalpa: demonstrates to Public Health officials need and acceptance
2. Family Planning Association	1966 Asociacion Pro Bienestar de la Familia Costarricense	---	1961 Asociacion Hondurena de Planificacion Familiar
3. Clinics	97 throughout the country	---	67 gov't health centers and 3 hospitals
Research and Grants (1962-1967)	yes \$217,890	---	yes \$225,450
Government Involvement	-1966 Board of Directors of Social Security includes contraceptives in national medical services. -Ministry of Health includes a Population Department.	Contraception is officially part of National Medical Services.	Family planning program is official & nationwide with an Office of Family Planning in the Ministry of Health. Government directed Rural Mobile Health Program (PUMAR) includes birth control.
International Influences	-U.S. A.I.D. \$207,000 in cooperation with Ministry of Health to study degree of public recognition of population problem. -Michigan State Univ. & PIIP (InterAmerican Program on Community Information): fertility research. -IPPF grant to Costa Rican Demographic Association \$10,000	-Visit of specialists from IPPF. -May, 1967: week seminar on family planning (CELADE, IPPF, ACPF).	-U.S. A.I.D., 1966: \$29,000; 1967: \$100,000 for expansion of family planning program -Regional Seminar, 1966 sponsored by IPPF Western Hemisphere & 5 Honduran gov't agencies. IPPF \$94,000 in grants for service & research

CATEGORY II

ARGENTINA

BRAZIL

ECUADOR

Annual Population Growth Rate 1960-1964	1.6%	3.1%	3.1%
Training in Demography	no ---	yes -Univ. of Sao Paulo cooperating with PASB, Univ. of Chile School of Public Health & CELADE, on 4-month training course for members of medical faculties. -Univ. of Sao Paulo is conducting training in demographic research.	yes The Center for the Study of Reproduction provides training for medical and paramedical personnel.
Sources of Activity: Medical Profession	-Since 1964, there is growing concern about abortions. -Hospital Rawson in Buenos Aires is studying incidents of abortion. -Private physicians prescribe contraceptives.	-Since 1963, small groups of physicians in Sao Paulo & Porto Alegre have been concerned about abortion. -February, 1965: first positive stand by a medical board on birth control--Sao Paulo Regional Medical Assoc. modified its regulations which previously had forbid physicians to prescribe contraceptives. To remove this ban had required 3 yrs. of pressure by liberal members of the Association.	1965 the National Gynecological Congress plans to extend family planning to 3 areas of the country which are covered by the regional associations. -Several hospitals in main cities have contraceptive services.
Family Planning Association	1966 Asoc. Argentina de Proteccion Familiar	1965 (BEMFAM) Sociedade de BemEstar Familiar no Brazil	1965 Asoc. Pro Bienestar de la Familia Ecuatoriana
Clinics	11	12 (private: provided by BEMFAM) (54 planned for 1967)	10
Research & Grants (1962-1967)	yes - \$221,410	yes - \$783,870	yes - \$55,000
Government involvement	- none - No likelihood of official involvement in birth control--government desires population increase. Some interest in demographic distribution throughout Argentina.	Official interest in birth control & population policy in relation to aiding economic development (1965 govt request for AID assistance) contrasts sharply with medical assoc. statutes condemning contraceptive services.	Gov't of Ecuador Planning Board has conducted statistical studies on population problems & development (including a survey of public opinion on population matters)--analysis of this data may lead to gov't request for AID assistance.
International Influence	-Foundation grants for research. -IPPF \$13,000 grants for family planning services.	-Favorable: WHO/PAHO educational program for professionals, demographic conference, epidemiological survey on abortion. -Politically unfavorable: US AID response to provide assistance in relation to population policy. IPPF \$130,000 for family	U.S. AID assistance for a population consultant who will train two persons in demographic statistics. -IPPF \$25,000 to family planning association. planning services.

Annual Population Growth Rate 1960-1964	3.2%	1.2%	3.2%
Training in Demography	yes Salvadorian Demographic Association provides training for physicians & nurses in the Mobile Rural Health Program (PUMAR)	no -----	yes The Maternal Health Association has a 2-wk. orientation course on family planning program administration for doctors and nurses.
Sources of Activity: Medical Profession Family Planning Assoc.	Since 1961 the Salvadorian Demographic Assoc. has been carrying out a pilot project at the Faculty of Medicine. 1961 Asociacion Demografica Salvadorena	-High & increasing abortion rate is causing increased medical concern. -Medical School is cooperating in programs with Family Planning Assoc. 1963 Asoc. Uruguaya de Planificacion Familiar	No widespread movement for family planning although individual physicians are very much involved in research & clinical work. 1958 Asoc. Mexicana Pro Bienestar de la Familia, reestablished in 1963: Asoc. Pro Salud Maternal (new board of directors)
Clinics	11 (15 by 1967)	2	16 by 1967
Research and Expenditures (1962-1967)	yes - \$118,550	yes - \$179,000	yes - \$1,417,125
Government Involvement	Government & private sector showing increasing interest in population studies. The National Planning Council is establishing an Office of Human Resources for demographic research & analysis and for planning to develop the country's human resources. -Catholic Church is encouraging family planning: two clinics to teach rhythm method.	General acceptance of Family Planning Assoc. programs on contraception and sex education which are beginning to interest the Ministry of Public Health.	Early efforts: -1925 President Calles opened a birth control clinic in Mexico City & distributed 200,000 copies of Margaret Sanger's pamphlet "Family Limitation" -1936 Secretary of Education distributed literature on sex education. Current situation: Gov't officials stress economic development as answer to growing population. However, the newly established <u>Fundacion para Estudios de la Poblacion</u> has attracted influential members presenting different community groups & has elicited great interest among some gov't officials.
International Influence	U.S. AID has provided financial assistance (1966 - \$30,000; 1967 - \$45,000) for training & other activities. -IPPF \$15,000 Salvadorian Demographic Assoc. -Population Council. -PAHO is giving technical advisory assistance.	IPPF \$27,000 to Uruguayan Family Planning Assoc.	-IPPF supporting <u>Fundacion para Estudios de la Poblacion</u> , \$90,000. -Population Council - demographic studies. Ford & Rockefeller Found.'s financing demographic research, College of Mexico

Annual Population Growth Rate 1960-1964	3.4%	2.8%
Training in Demography	yes Maternity Hospital Concepcion Palacios has served as a pilot center for training since 1963.	yes 1965 First National Seminar on Population and Development. CEPD (Center for the Study of Population and Development) encouraging the establishment of a training center. Professionals have been sent for courses at CELADE.
Sources of Activity: Medical Profession	---	Medical profession has followed the <u>Government's initiative</u> , otherwise has been inactive.
Family Planning Assoc.	No. Association in process of being organized.	No.
Clinics	2 clinics	2 clinics (initiated by CEPD)
Research and Grants (1962-1967)	yes - \$99,665	yes - \$763,363
Government Involvement	-1964 Ministry of Public Health establishes a <u>Population Center</u> . -1966 panel discussion on population dynamics at National Public Health Congress recommends that government adopt population policy. -1966 Pilot birth control project at Ministry of Public Health Center.	-1964 <u>Presidential Decree</u> established a National Center for Population & Development --its board of directors have representatives from key branches of the government, political parties, & professional groups. -Peru is the only country where such official action <u>initiated</u> activity on population dynamics. The Government is also providing increasing financial support for CEPD.
International Influence	-Caracas Sept. 11-16, 1967 <u>Meeting on Population Policies in Relation to Development in Latin America</u> . 18 member states of OAS (sponsored by OAS, PAHO, Pop. Council, Aspen Institute, & cooperation of Venezuela government) -IPPF \$16,000.	-U.S. AID has given extensive assistance for training, research, demonstration programs, development of family planning programs. (1966, \$96,000; 1967, \$108,000) -Population Council \$159,000 for studies of population at high altitudes. -Ford Foundation provided the nuclear funding for establishment of CEPD.

Annual Population Growth Rate, 1960-64	3.6%	3.2%	2.9%
Training in demography	no The representative from DESAL (Latin American Center of Economic & Social Development) is encouraging interest in demography.	yes Univ. of San Carlos (in cooperation with Univ. of Pittsburgh): Educational Communication Lab. -1966: InterAmerican Seminar on "Demography and the University"	no ---
Sources of activity:			Several hospital directors are interested in family planning.
1. Medical Profession	---	---	
2. Family Planning Assoc.	1966: Asoc. Dominicana Pro Bienestar de la Familia --inactive.	1962 Asoc. Pro Bienestar de la Familia	1966 Asoc. Pro Bienestar de la Familia
3. Clinics	None	4 (3,000 women)	None
Research and Grants, 1962-67	No research \$54,000 for services	Yes - \$21,000	None
Government involvement	December 11, 1967: President Balaguer is one of two Latin American presidents to sign a U.N. declaration control of world population as necessary for world peace. -No government involvement in domestic programs.	Ministry of Health has shown a definite interest in population growth and family planning. 1967, requested aid from PAHO.	The National Family Planning Assoc. president is second in the Labor Ministry; its Secretary is third in Government Housing Corporation. Thus, government is indirectly involved.
International Influence	1967 U.S. AID Mission sent a consultant on maternal and child care.	-IPPF \$21,000 to Family Welfare Association -Population Council -Univ. of Pittsburgh -PAHO - technical assistance on family planning.	Nicaragua sent 14 gov't delegates to Central American Seminar on Population. PAHO - technical assistance on family planning.

Annual Population Growth Rate, 1960-64	3.2%	1.4%	2.3%	2.4%
Planning in Demography	yes	no	no	no
	University of Panama pilot family planning center providing medical and paramedical training.	---	---	---
Resources of Activity; Medical Profession	After prolonged efforts, about 10 obstetricians founded Family Planning Association.	A few private physicians dispense contraceptives.	---	4 physicians attended a CELADE course in Chile. 1967: U. of Paraguay Faculty of Medicine established Pilot Family Planning Center.
Family Planning Assoc.	1965 Sociedad Panamena Planamiento de la Familia.	None.	None.	None.
Clinics	One.	None.	None.	None.
Research & Grants 52-67	Yes - \$15,000	None.	None.	None.
Government Involvement	Official position does not favor any gov't activity in relation to family planning--hostile attitude among some influential people.	---	Haitian-American Tuberculosis Institute (HATI) has a contract with Haitian Gov't permitting birth control services to be conducted in Haiti.	---
International Influence	-IPPF \$15,000 -OAS pilot study on effects of population growth on economic and social development.	Population Council has initiated country's first demographic study.	---	-IPPF is assisting in founding a family planning association -AID provided funds for 4 doctors to train at CELADE.

INITIATION (awareness of problem)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Private international association (e.g. IPPF) -Survey Research -International and regional conferences (e.g. Caracas, 1967) -Concern and publicity on rising abortion rate (e.g. Chilean studies) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Medical profession (University, public health, private levels) -Government officials (Public health, welfare and economic planners) -International consultants 	<p><u>Avoid</u> initial impact in relation to population policy from U.S. A.I.D.; prevent linking issue to other ideological predispositions. <u>Stress</u> scientific information.</p>
FORMULATION (choice of options)	Design of procedures to perform necessary functions: finances, research, training supervision, top leadership, evaluation, service, social support and information.	-Core group of concerned reformers (medical and/or government) in concert with technical advisors from international agencies.	<u>Incremental</u> approach - avoid creating imbalance between expectations and service capacity to meet them. Build in feedback. Start with pilot projects, training to create solid foundation. Train multipliers.
CONSULTATION (test of potential impact on sectors most directly affected)	Use medical congresses, national health meetings, symposia on economic & social development as <u>forums</u> for professional opinion gathering (professional journals)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Medical profession -Public Health officials -Social workers -Representative sample of public 	Try to ascertain potential impact on those who will be affected. Public opinion surveys indicate large amount of untapped public opinion in <u>favor</u> of birth control programs.
AGGREGATION (assembling a favorable political coalition)	Broad <u>information dissemination</u> : abortion problem, survey results, pilot clinics, activities in other countries, liberal clergy concern. Special briefings for influential political leaders; specific educational programs (not hardsell propaganda) in schools, universities and all mass media.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Journalistic opinion -Church leaders -Politicians and parties -Political interest groups from labor, business, agricultural sectors. 	<u>Stress</u> : (1) Public desire for freedom of choice in family planning, (2) Population policy as a <u>complement</u> to economic development efforts, not as a substitute, (3) Health problem--abortions, (4) Sympathetic church opinion, (5) Consistency with other national goals. <u>Co-opt</u> as many neutral groups as possible give them a stake in the program.
COLLABORATION (coordination between public and private sectors)	Joint public-private coordination commissions & policy-level. Formal & <u>informal</u> communication at working level.	Representatives of related bureaucratic organizations, leaders from new agencies concerned with population.	Collaboration should serve <u>symbolic</u> purposes (assemble prestigious leaders) as well as <u>functional</u> aim of inter-communication & coordination of efforts to avoid duplication.
RATIFICATION (legitimation)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Presidential decree -Ministerial policy directives & appointment of appropriate personnel and resources. 	Presidential level policy pronouncement. Ministerial approval. May entail legislative appropriations.	Present to officials and legislators as an <u>on-going project</u> . Emphasize accomplishments and public support so that birth control policy is not seen as a radical or vulnerable innovation.
FEEDBACK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Careful records of patient treatment -Professional evaluation conference - Adjustments for new scientific discoveries - Further 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Patients treated -Professionals involved -Future target publics -Mass media and professional journals; international scientific community 	<u>Short-run</u> : evaluation procedures should be integral function of the program. <u>Long-run</u> : data on all aspects of population policy should be considered when planning for policy changes or expansion.